# CENSUS OF NAURU 

## 30 JUNE 1966

## SUMMARY OF POPULATION



PREPARED UNDER INSTRUCTIONS FROM THE MINISTER FOR EXTERNAL TERRITORIES

## 30 JUNE 1966

## CENSUS BULLETTIN NO. 13.1-SUMMARY OF POPULATION <br> NAURU

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## Section 1. Introduction

Population totals recorded by field personnel during the taking of the Census of 30 June 1966 have been published in Field Count Statement No. 2 issued on 22 July 1967.

This bulletin contains details of the characteristics of the population of Nauru compiled from Householder ${ }^{1}$ s Schedules. The figures are preliminary and subject to amendment.

Persons having diplomatic immunity (diplomatic and homembased staff of diplomatic missions, and their families) are not included.

Any discrepancies between totals and sums of components in percentages in tables are due to rounding.

Section 2. General
TABLE 1. - POPULATION : NAURU
CENSUSES, 1961 AND 1966

| Census, 30 June 1961 |  | Census, 30 June 1966 |  |  | Intercensal <br> increase |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Males | Females | Persons | Males | Females | Persons | (n) |
| 3,019 | 1,594 | 4,613 | 3,703 | 2,354 | 6,057 | 1,444 |

Section 3. Age
At the 1966 Census persons were asked to state age in accordance with the following instructions.
"State age in years and completed months. If aged under one year, state age in completed months (for example, a child of eleven months should be show as "0" years " 11 " months). If aged under one month, write " $O$ " years " $O$ " months."

This question is more specific than that asked at the 1961 Census, which sought "age last birthday" (in years) 。 The change should overcome some mismstatement of age due to rounding, Similarly, it is expected that confusion in the reporting of ages of young children (which ace conventionally thought of in "months" up to the age of about two years) should now be largely obviated.

Prior to the 1954 Census ages "not stated" were distributed to specific ages in accordance with thefrequency of stated ages. In the 1954 and later Censuses, "not stated" ages were individually estimated prior to tabulation by firstly establishing the minimum range of ages within which the "not stated" age most probably lay (as indicated by other information supplied in the Householder's Schedule) and by then selecting an age from within that range from a table of random ages according to sex. This table had been compiled previously using the latest estimates of the age distribution of the population which were available at the time.

The proportion of persons who failed to state an age is very small.

CENSUSES, 1961 AND 1966

| Age last birthday (years) | Census, 30 June 1961 |  |  | Census, 30 June 1966 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males | Females | Persons | Males | Females | Persons |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | Per cent of total | Intercensal increase or decrease |
| 0-4 | 335 | 346 | 681 | 521 | 474 | 995 | 16\%43 | 314 |
| 5-9 | 308 | 296 | 604 | 410 | 398 | 808 | 13.34 | 204 |
| 10-14 | 213 | 192 | 405 | 323 | 294 | 617 | 10.19 | 212 |
| 15-19 | 135 | 59 | 194 | 195 | 174 | 369 | 6.09 | 175 |
| 20-24 | 397 | 114 | 511 | 337 | 135 | 472 | 7.79 | -39 |
| 25-29 | 376 | 145 | 521 | 438 | 215 | 653 | 10.78 | 132 |
| 30-34 | 367 | 117 | 484 | 378 | 187 | 565 | 9.33 | 81 |
| 35-39 | 272 | 98 | 370 | 364 | 158 | 52.2 | 8.62 | 152 |
| $40-44$ | 237 | 79 | 316 | 260 | 102 | 362 | 5.98 | 46 |
| 45-49 | 171 | 48 | 219 | 223 | 79 | 302 | 4.99 | 83 |
| 50-54 | 94 | 28 | 122 | 110 | 55 | 165 | 2.72 | 43 |
| $55 \times 59$ | 58 | 33 | 91 | 66 | 24 | 90 | 1.49 | -1 |
| 60-64 | 31 | 17 | 48 | 41 | 26 | 67 | 1.11 | 19 |
| 65-69 | 11 | 11 | 22 | 22 | 18 | 40 | 0.66 | 18 |
| 70-74 | 9 | 6 | 15 | 8 | 11 | 19 | 0.31 | 4 |
| 75-79 | $\cdots$ | 4 | 4 | 6 | 3 | 9 | 0.15 | 5 |
| 80¢84 | 3 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0.03 | -2 |
| 85-89 | 2 | $\bigcirc$ | 2 | $\bigcirc$ | $\cdots$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | -2 |
| 90-94 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| 95-99 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\cdots$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| Total | 3.019 | 1,594 | 4,613 | 3.703 | 2,354 | 6,057 | 100.00 | 1,444 |
| Under 21 | 1.070 | 912 | 1.982 | 1.497 | 1,362 | 2,859 | 47.20 | 877 |
| 21-64 | 1.924 | 660 | 2,584 | 2,169 | 959 | 3,128 | 51.64 | 544 |
| 65 \& over | 25 | 22 | 47 | 37 | 33 | 70 | 1.16 | 23 |
| $\frac{\text { TOTAL }}{\text { NAJRU }}$ | 3,019 | 1,594 | 4,613 | 3.703 | 2,354 | 6,057 | 100.00 | 1,444 |

(a) Recorded ages adjusted by the distribution of ages "not stated". NORE Minus sign ( $\infty$ ) denotes decrease.

## Section 4. Marital Status

At the 1966 Census, persons were asked to state marital status in accordance with the following instructions.
"If never married, write "N.M."; at present married, write"M"; married but permanently separated (legally or otherwise), write "P.S."; divorced and not remarried, write "D"; widowed and not remarried, write "W"。"

A very small proportion of persons omitted to state any marital status. In such cases, marital status was assessed as follows.

Males under 20 years of age and females under 18 years of age were classified "never married" unless there was definite evidence of marriage given in the Schedule, in which case they were classified "married". All other persons were classified "married" if there was any evidence of marriage given in the Schedule. Otherwise a marital status was allocated from a random list according to the age and sex of the person concerned. The random list for the allocation of "not stated" marital status had been compiled. previously using the latest available statistics of the distribution of the population by marital status.

TABIE 3. - POPULATION, BY MARITAL STATUS : NAURU
CENSUSES, 1961 AND 1966

| Marital status | Census, 30 June 1961 |  |  | Census, 30 June 1966 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males | Females | Persons | Males | Females | Persons |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | ```Inter- censal increase Or decrease``` |
| Never married - <br> Under 15 years of age 15 years of age and over | $\begin{array}{r} 856 \\ 1,081 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 834 163 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,690 \\ & 1,244 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,254 \\ 935 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,166 \\ 275 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,420 \\ & 1,210 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 730 \\ & -34 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total | 1,937 | 997 | 2,934 | 2,189 | 1,441 | 3,630 | 696 |
| Married | 996 | 529 | 1,525 | 1,388 | 842 | 2,230 | 705 |
| ```Married but permanently separated (a)``` | 14 | 14 | 28 | 19 | 12 | 31 | 3 |
| Divorced | 7 | 3 | 10 | 52 | 6 | 58 | 48 |
| Widowed | 65 | 51 | 116 | 55 | 53 | 108 | -8 |
| GRAND TOTAL | 3,019 | 1,594 | 4,613 | 3,703 | 2,354 | 6,057 | 1,444 |

(a) Legally or otherwise.

NOTE. Minus sign (-) denotes decrease.

At the 1966 Census persons were asked to state birthplace in accordance with the following instructions.
"For persons born in Australia write the name of the State or Territory where born. For persons born outside Australia write the name of the country where born (not town or locality)."

For the small number of cases where no reply was given the allocation of a birthplace was made in accordance with other information on the Schedule (usually nationality).
$\frac{\text { TABIE 4. - POPULATION, BY BIRTHPLACE : NAURU }}{\text { CENSUSES, } 1961 \text { AND } 1966}$

| Birthplace | Census, 30 <br> June 1961 <br> Persons | Census, 30 June 1966 |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Intercensal } \\ \text { increase or } \\ \text { decrease } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Males | Females | Persons |  |
| AUSTRALASIA $=$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nauru | 2,546 | 1.652 | 1,500 | 3,152 | 606 |
| Australia | 205 | 141 | 151 | 292 | 87 |
| New Zealand | 15 | 12 | 9 | 21 | 6 |
| Other countries in Australasia | 5 | 5 | 5 | 10 | 5 |
| Total born in Australasia | 2,771 | 1,810 | 1,665 | 3,475 | 704 |
| EUROPE - |  |  |  |  |  |
| United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland | 48 85 | 34 | 20 | 54 | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ -67 \end{array}$ |
| Total borm in Europe | 133 | 48 | 24 | 72 | -61 |
| ASIA | 683 | 897 | 180 | 1,077 | 394 |
| AFRICA | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| AMERICA | 2 | - | 1 | 1 | -1 |
| PACIFIC ISLANDS (NoE.I.) | 1,022 | 946 | 483 | 1.422 | 407 |
| Total born outside Nauru | 2.067 | 2,051 | 854 | 2,905 | 838 |
| Total born in Naury | 2,546 | 1.652 | 1,500 | 3.152 | 606 |
| GRAND TOTAL | 4,613 | 3.703 | 2,354 | 6,057 | 1.444 |

NOTE. Minus sign ( $O$ ) denotes decrease.
Section 6. Period of Residence in Nauru
Persons who were born outside Nauru were asked to state their period of residence in Nauru in accordance with the following instructions.
"For persons born outside Nauru write the number of completed years of continuous residence in Nauru ignoring absences of less than twelve months. If resident less than twelve months, write "O"."
TABIE 5. - OVERSEAS BORN POPULATION, BY PERIOD OF RESIDENCE IN NAURU, NUMBERS AND PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION: NAURU CENSUSES, 1961 AND 1966

| Period of residence in Nauru (years) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Census } \\ 30 \text { June } \\ 1961 \\ \text { Persons } \end{gathered}$ | Census, 30 June 1966 |  |  | Proportion of overseas born population |  | ```Intercensal increase or decrease``` |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Males | Females | Persons |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1961 | 1966 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | \% | \% |  |
| Under 1 year | 436 | 441 | 111 | 552 | 21.09 | 19.00 | 116 |
| 1 and under 2 | 237 | 240 | 156 | 396 | 11.47 | 13.63 | 159 |
| 2 " " 3 | 311 | 369 | 325 | 694 | 15.05 | 23.89 | 383 |
| 3 " " 4 | 206 | 149 | 25 | 174 | 9.97 | 5.99 | -32 |
| 4 " " 5 | 233 | 197 | 26 | 223 | 11.27 | 7.68 | -10 |
| 5 years and over | 607 | 564 | 157 | 721 | 29.37 | 24.82 | 114 |
| Not stated | 37 | 91 | 54 | 145 | 1.79 | 4.99 | 108 |
| Total born outside Nauru. | 2,067 | 2,051 | 854 | 2,905 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 838 |

NOTE. Minus sign (-) denotes decrease.

## Section 7. Nationality

At the 1966 Census persons were asked to state nationality in accordance with the following instructions.
"State nationality or citizenship of the person in relation to the country to which he or she owes legal allegiance, for example:
"Australian", "British", "French", "Stateless", etc. If Australian or British by naturalization, write "Australian" or "British"."

The tables in this section relate to nationality rather than to citizenship and consequently the category "British" includes all persons who, by virtue of the Nationality and Citizenship Act, 1948-1966, are deemed to be British subjects. Under Section 7 of the Act this includes citizens of: "(a) the United Kingdom and Colonies; (b) Canada; (c) New Zealand; (d) the Union of South Africa; (e) India; (f) Pakistan; (g) Ceylon; (h) the Federation of Rhodesia and Nyasaland; (i) Ghana; (j) the Federation of Malaya; ( $k$ ) the State of Singapore."

Also included as "British" are persons who, under the Nationality and Citizenship Act 1948-1966, are Australian citizens or citizens of any other country declared by Regulation 5A of the Citizenship Regulations to be "a country within the Commonwealth of Nations". These are the Federation of Nigeria, the Republic of Cyprus, Sierra Leone, Tanganyika, Trinidad and Tobago, Uganda, Jamaica and Malaysia.

Additionally for the purposes of these tables Irish Nationality is included with British.

In the small number of cases where nationality was not stated allocation of a selected nationality was made in accordance with other information on the Schedule (usually birthplace).

TABLE 6. - POPULATION, BY NATIONALITY : NAURU
CENSUSES, 1961 AND 1966

| Nationality | Census, 30 <br> June 1961 <br> Persons | Census, 30 June 1966 |  |  | Intercensal increase |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Males | Females | Persons |  |
| BRITISH (a) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Born in Nauru | 2.546 | 1,652 | 1,500 | 3,152 | 606 |
| Born outside Nauru | 1,471 | 1,156 | 680 | 1,836 | 365 |
| Total British | 4,017 | 2,808 | 2,180 | 4,988 | 971 |
| FOREIGN | 596 | 895 | 174 | 1,069 | 473 |
| GRAND TOTAL | 4,613 | 3.703 | 2,354 | 6,057 | 1,444 |

(a) See text in section 7 .

Section 8. Religion
At the 1966 Census persons were asked to state their religion in accordance with the following instructions.
"State the full name of the religious denomination. (There is no penalty for failure to answer this question.)"

Section 21 of the Census and Statistics Act, $1905-1966$ provides that "No person shall be liable to any penalty for omitting or refusing to state the religious denomination or sect to which he belongs or adheres."

Owing to the very large numbers of persons who take advantage of the voluntary nature of the question and who failed to give any particulars regarding religion at the 1966 Census and at the three preceding Censuses, it is not possible to define precisely the composition of the population in terms of religious creed; neither is it possible to make entirely satisfactory intercensal comparisons of the numbers of persons adhering to the various religious denominations.

TABLE 7. - POPULATION, BY RELIGIOUS DENOMINATION, NUMBERS AND PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION NAURU, CENSUSES, 1961 AND 1266

| Religion | Census, 30 <br> June 1961 <br> Persons | Census, 30 June 1966 |  |  | Proportion of total population |  | Intercensal <br> increase or decrease |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Males | Females | Persons |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1961 | 1966 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\%$ | $\%$ |  |
| CHRTSTIAN - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Baptist | 3 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 0.07 | 0.08 | 2 |
| Brethren |  |  | . |  |  | . 0 | -• |
| Catholic, Roman (a) | 717 | 314 | 275 | 589 | 15.54 | 9.72 | -128 |
| Catholic (a) | 422 | 357 | 285 | 642 | 9.15 | 10.60 | 220 |
| Churches of Christ | 1 | 6 | 1 | 7 | 0.02 | 0.12 | 6 |
| Church of England | 131 | 82 | 88 | 170 | 2.84 | 2.81 | 39 |
| Congregational | 1,931 | 1,029 | 723 | 1.752 | 41.86 | 28.93 | -179 |
| Orthodox | $\cdots$ | - | 1 | 1 | $\cdots$ | 0.02 | 1 |
| Lutheran | 38 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 0.82 | 0.08 | -33 |
| Methodist | 35 | 13 | 17 | 30 | 0.76 | 0.50 | -5 |
| Presbyterian | 37 | 24 | 27 | 51 | 0.80 | 0.84 | 14 |
| Salvation Army | - | . | . | . | $\because$ | . | $\cdots$ |
| Seventh-day Adventist | 3 | $\cdots$ | - 0 | $\because$ | 0.07 | -• | -3 |
| Protestant (undefined) | 332 | 509 | 431 | 940 | 7.20 | 15.52 | 608 |
| Other (including Christian undefined) | 1 | 69 | 54 | 123 | 0.02 | 2.03 | 122 |
| Total Christian | 3,651 | 2,407 | 1,908 | 4,315 | 79.15 | 71.24 | 664 |
| NON-CHRISTIAN - <br> Hebrew <br> Other | 1 | 13 | $\stackrel{8}{8}$ | $\ddot{21}$ | 0.02 | 0.35 | $\begin{gathered} -1 \\ 21 \end{gathered}$ |
| Total Non-Christian | 1 | 13 | 8 | 21 | 0.02 | 0.35 | 20 |
| Indefinite | 11 | 110 | 17 | 127 | 0.24 | 2.10 | 116 |
| No religion | 1 | 6 | 4 | 10 | 0.02 | 0.17 | 9 |
| No reply | 949 | 1.167 | 417 | 1,584 | 20.57 | 26.15 | 635 |
| GRAND TOTAL | 4,613 | 3,703 | 2,354 | 6,057 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 1,444 |

(a) As stated in individual Census Schedules. NOTE. Minus sign (a) denotes decrease.

## Section 9．Work Force

At the 1961 and previous Censuses the work force was determined as：
＂Those who are engaged in an industry，business，profession，trade or service at the time of the Census（including those on long service leave，etco）$\ldots \ldots . . . . .0^{\prime \prime}$ ；and
＂．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．those out of a job at time of the Census but who are usually engaged in an industry，business，profession，trade or service ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．

At the 1966 Census an additional set of four questions was asked in order to obtain information on the basis of which the work force could be determined more precisely．The questions were as follows．
＂Did the person have a job or business of any kind last week（even though he may hawe been temporarily absent from it）？ANSWER＂YES＂ or＂NO＂。＂
＂Did the person do any work at all last week for payment or profit？ ANSWER＂YES＂or＂NO＂．Persons working without pay as a helper in a ＂family business＂or farm and members of the clergy and of religious orders（other than purely contemplative orders）should answer＂YES＂ to this question．Persons doing only unpaid housework should answer ＂NO＂。＂
＂Was the person＇temporarily laid off by his employer without pay for the whole of last week？GNSWER＂YES＂or＂NO＂。＂
＂Did the person look for work last week？ANSWER＂YES＂or＂NO＂． （Note．＂Looking for work＂means（i）being registered with Common－ wealth Employment Service，or（ii）approaching prospective employers， or（iii）placing or answering advertisements，or（iv）writing letters of applicationg or（v）awaiting the result of recent applications．）＂

The work force includes persons for whom the answer＂yes＂was given to any one of these four questions．Except that persons helping but not receiving wages or a salary who usually worked less than 15 hours a week were excluded from the work force．

This approach conforms closely to the recommendations of the Eighth International Conference of Labour Statisticians held in Geneva in 1954 and the information so obtained has been used in determining the work force for the purposes of the 1966 Census．

## Section 10．Occupational Status

Persons in the work force were asked to state occupational status in accordance with the following instructions．

| ＂If working for wages or salary | If conducting own business or |
| :---: | :---: |
| （including apprentices），write＂W＂． | profession and at present |
| If conducting own business or | employing others，write＂E＂． |
| profession and not at present | If helping but not receiving |
| employing others，write＂0＂。 | wages or salary，write＂H＂． |
|  | If looking for first job，write |
|  | ＂F＂。＂ |

Persons not in the work force were asked to state activity in accordance with the following instructions.
"Persons not engaged in an industry, business, profession, trade or service.
For - Children not attending school, write "C". Full-time students or children attending school, write "S". Mainly dependent on pension or superannuation, write "P". Of independent means, write "M". Engaged in unpaid home duties, write "H.D.". Inmates of institutions (e.g., for invalids and the aged, gaols, reformatories, etc.), write "I". Others not engaged in industry, etc., write "N.A.". (Young persons seeking work but not previously employed, write "0" in answer to this question.)"

TABLE 8. - POPULATION, BY OCCUPATIONAL STATUS, NUMBERS AND PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION NAURU, CENSUS, 30 JUNE 1966

| Occupational status | Males | Females | Persons | Percentage distribution |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Males | Females | Persons |
| IN WORK FORCE - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employed - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employer | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.03 |
| Self-employed | 3 | 2 | 5 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.08 |
| Employee on wage or salary | 2,263 | 211 | 2,474 | 61.11 | 8.96 | 40.85 |
| Helper, unpaid | . | 2 | 2 | $\cdots$ | 0.08 | 0.03 |
| Total employed | 2,267 | 216 | 2,483 | 61.22 | 9.18 | 40.99 |
| Unemployed | 17 | 4 | 21 | 0.46 | 0.17 | 0.35 |
| Total in work force | 2,284 | 220 | 2,504 | 61.68 | 9.35 | 41.34 |
| NOT IN WORK FORCE - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Child not at school | 535 | 487 | 1,022 | 14.45 | 20.69 | 16.87 |
| Child attending school or full-time student | 767 | 731 | 1,498 | 20.71 | 31.05 | 24.73 |
| Mainly dependent on pension or superannuation | 21 | 21 | 42 | 0.57 | 0.89 | 0.69 |
| Of independent means | 1 | 3 | 4 | 0.03 | 0.13 | 0.07 |
| Home duties | $\cdots$ | 840 | 840 | - | 35.68 | 13.87 |
| Inmates of institutions | 7 | - | 7 | 0.19 | -• | 0.12 |
| Other not. in work force | 88 | 52 | 140 | 2.38 | 2.21 | 2.31 |
| Total not in work force | 1,419 | 2,134 | 3,553 | 38.32 | 90.65 | 58.66 |
| GRAND TOTAL | 3,703 | 2,354 | 6,057 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |

Persons in the work force were asked to state occupation in accordance with the following instructions.

> "State in precise (or award) terms the person's main occupation last week, using where possible two or more words. For example, "Builder's Labourer", "Dairy Farm Hand", "Clothing Machinist", "Wood Machinist", "Motor Mechanic", "Electrical Fitter", "Coal Wheeler", "Dairy Farmer", etc. Employees of Government Departments or Authorities should be described by their official designation, such as "District Employment Officer", "Shire Clerk", etc., and not by such terms as "Public Servant", etc."

TABLE 9. - POPULATION, BY OCCUPATION : NAURU CENSUS, 30 JUNE 1966
NOTE. Occupation major groups used in this table are contained in the 1966 Classification and Classified List of Occupations published by this Bureau.

| Occupation (major groups) | Census, 30 June 1966 |  |  | Proportion of total work force |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males | Females | Persons |  |
| Professional, technical and related workers | 115 | 114 | 229 | $\%$ 9.15 |
| Administrative, executive and managerial workers | 21 | 1 | 22 | 0.88 |
| Clerical workers | 105 | 26 | 131 | 5.23 |
| Sales workers | 33 | 8 | 41 | 1.64 |
| Farmers, fishermen, hunters, timber getters and related workers | 3 | $\cdots$ | 3 | 0.12 |
| Miners, quarrymen and related workers | 848 | -• | 848 | 33.87 |
| Workers in transport and communication occupations | 139 | 1 | 140 | 5.59 |
| Craftsmen, production-process workers and labourers, n.e.c. | 839 | 2 | 84.1 | 33.59 |
| Service, sport and recreation workers | 161 | 53 | 214 | 8.55 |
| Members of armed services | - | $\cdots$ | -• | -• |
| Occupation inadequately described or not stated | 20 | 15 | 35 | 1.40 |
| TOTAL IN THE WORK FORCE | 2,284 | 220 | 2,504 | 100.00 |

Persons in the work force were asked to state industry in accordance with the following instructions.
"State the exact branch of industry, business or service in which mainly engaged last week, using two or more words where possible. For example, "Dairy Farming", "Coal Mining", "Woollen Mills", "Retail Grocery", "Road Construction", etc. Employees should state the industry of their employer. For example, a carpenter employed by a coal mining company should state "Coal Mining". If employed by a Government Department or other public body, state also its name. For paid housekeepers and domestic servants in private households, write "P.H."."

From the answers to this question, persons were classified according to the Bureau's "Classification of Industries" which provides for each person to be classified according to the nature of the business in which mainly engaged, regardess of whether operated by a government authority, corporation or individual.

## TABLE 10. - POPULATION, BY INDUSTRY : NAURU

 CENSUS, 30 JUNE 1966NOTE. Industry major groups used in this table are contained in the 1966 Classification and Classified List of Industries published by this Bureau.

| Industry (major group) | Census, 30 June 1966 |  |  | Proportion of total work force |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males | Females | Persons |  |
| Primary production | 2 |  | 2 | $\begin{aligned} & \% \\ & 0.08 \end{aligned}$ |
| Mining and quarrying | 1,692 | 33 | 1,725 | 68.89 |
| Manufacturing | 2 | . | 2 | 0.08 |
| Electricity, gas, water and sanitary services (production, supply and maintenance) | 1 | - | 1 | 0.04 |
| Building and construction | 173 | -• | 173 | 6.91 |
| Transport and storage | 11 | . | 11 | 0.44 |
| Communication | 11 | - | 11 | 0.44 |
| Finance and property | 1 | - | 1 | 0.04 |
| Commerce | 73 | 14 | 87 | 3.47 |
| Public authority (n.e.i.) and defence services | 125 | 23 | 148 | 5.91 |
| Community and business services (including professional) | 165 | 122 | 287 | 11.46 |
| Amusement, hotels and other accommodation, cafes, personal service, etc. | 8 | 13 | 21 | 0.84 |
| Other industries | $\cdots$ | . | . | . |
| Industry inadequately described or not stated | 20 | 15 | 35 | 1.40 |
| TOTAL IN THE WORK FORCE | 2,284 | 220 | 2,504 | 100.00 |



## K. M. ARCHER

STATISTICIAN FOR THE CENSUS

